# EXHIBIT A

#### IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

JULI WINTJEN, on behalf of herself and al	1
others similarly situated,	

Plaintiff,

٧.

DENNY'S INC., et al.,

Defendants.

Civil Action No.: 2:19-cv-00069-CCW

### AMENDMENT TO COLLECTIVE AND CLASS ACTION PARTIAL SETTLEMENT AND RELEASE AGREEMENT

Pursuant to Section 9.14 of the Settlement Agreement, Plaintiffs, individually and on behalf of the ETCN Rule 23 Subclass and the FLSA Collective, and Defendant hereby submit the following amendment to the previously submitted Settlement Agreement. Specifically, the Parties seek to remove Section 5.8 (A) and (B) entirely and replace them with Section 5.8 (A) and (B) set forth below. In addition, the Parties also seek to replace the Class Notice (Exhibit A) entirely with the revised class notice attached hereto as Exhibit A.

#### 5.8 Calculation of Settlement Payments for Plaintiff Gower and Partial Settlement Class Members.

- (A) Estimated Settlement Payment. The Notice Packet will contain an "Estimated Payment" for the individual Partial Settlement Class Member to whom it was mailed. The Claims Administrator will calculate this estimated payment as follows:
  - (1) The Claims Administrator will apply the Residual FLSA Amount as a credit towards Defendant's payment of the Settlement Amount. The Claims Administrator will then deduct from the Settlement Amount (i) the maximum Service Payment sought for Plaintiff Gower, (ii) the estimated fees and expenses of the Claims Administrator, and (iii) the "FLSA Summary Judgment Back Pay" (defined below). The resulting number will be referred to as the "Estimated Net Settlement Amount."
  - (2) For each putative Partial Settlement Class Member, the Claims

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> All italicized words used herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Settlement Agreement ("SA") previously submitted to the *Court*.

Administrator will total the amount of tip credit taken by Defendant for all hours worked under the "05-Server" job code during the Class Period or FLSA Collective Period, whichever (a) applies and (b) if both apply, whichever is longer. The Claims Administrator will then perform the following calculations:

- (a) add together the total back pay claimed by all individuals in the FLSA Collective during the most recent 3 years and 1 week of the FLSA Collective Period. This amount will be referred to as the "FLSA Summary Judgment Back Pay." A Partial Settlement Class Member who is a member of the FLSA Collective and has a back pay figure above zero that is part of the FLSA Summary Judgment Back Pay shall recover this BackPay on a dollar-for-dollar basis (their ("Individual FLSA Summary Judgment Back Pay Amount");
- (b) The Claims Administrator will then total back pay claimed for the remainder of the FLSA Collective Period (e.g., back pay claimed from the time period 3 years and 8 days through 4 years and 1 week) and total the Back Pay claimed by individuals who are members of the ETCN Rule 23 Subclass. That total will then be compared to the Estimated Net Settlement Amount to determine the "Estimated Fractional Recovery Amount." To expedite these calculations, the Claims Administrator can use its prior calculations performed during this course of litigating this Action. An example of this calculation is as follows:
  - (i) if an individual who was only a member of the FLSA Collective and all hours worked were within the 3 years and 1 week timeframe, and was paid \$2.83 per hour, resulting in Defendant taking a tip credit of \$4.42 per hour, and that employee worked 100 hours during the Class Period under the "05-Server" job code, that individual would be owed \$442.00. Their back pay would only be included in the FLSA Summary Judgment Back Pay Amount;
  - (ii) if an individual who was a member of the FLSA Collective and worked the same 100 hours during the same time period in the above example and worked an additional 100 hours between 3 years and 8 days and 4 years and 1 week, and was paid \$2.83 per hour, resulting in Defendant taking a tip credit of \$4.42 per hour, that individual would be owed (a) \$442.00 for the first block of time and (b) \$442.00 multiplied by the Estimated Fractional Recovery Amount for the second block of time. When the sums of (a) and (b) in this subparagraph are added together, that amount equals that individual's Estimated Individual Recovery Amount;

- (iii) if an individual who was a member of only the ETCN Rule 23 Subclass and worked 100 hours during the Class Period, and was paid \$2.83 per hour, resulting in Defendant taking a tip credit of \$4.42 per hour, that individual would be owed \$442.00 multiplied by the Estimated Fractional Recovery Amount to determine their "Estimated Individual Recovery Amount."
- (3) For purposes of performing the calculations set forth in the Section 5.8(A)(2), if an individual is a member of both the FLSA Collective and the ETCN Rule 23 Subclass, their calculations shall be performed as though they were a member of the ETCN Rule 23 Subclass only.
- (4) The Estimated Individual Recovery Amount for all putative Partial Settlement Class Members will then be added together by the Claims Administrator to determine the "Estimated Total Recovery Amount."
- (5) The Claims Administrator will then add each putative Partial Settlement Class Member's Estimated Individual Recovery Amount to their individual portion, if any, of the Individual FLSA Summary Judgment Back Pay Amount determine that individual's Partial Settlement Class Member "Estimated Settlement Payment."
- (6) Upon receipt of the Notice Packet, any Partial Settlement Class Member who wishes to challenge either (i) the calculation of his or her Estimated Settlement Payment or (ii) the required deductions set forth within Defendant's payroll records (e.g., garnishments, tax liens, child support) must submit a written, signed declaration to the Claims Administrator for receipt by the Claims Administrator on or before the Bar Date. The Claims Administrator will resolve the challenge and make a final and binding determination without hearing or right of appeal.
- (B) Settlement Payment. All Partial Settlement Class Members will receive money in connection with this Settlement. Once the Settlement becomes Final, the Claims Administrator will calculate the Settlement Payments as follows:
  - (1) The Claims Administrator will apply the Residual FLSA Amount as a credit towards Defendant's payment of the Settlement Amount. The Claims Administrator will then deduct from the Settlement Amount the following amounts as awarded or permitted by the Court: (i) the Service Payment, if any, to Plaintiff, (ii) the fees and expenses of the Claims Administrator, and (iii) the "FLSA Summary Judgment Back Pay" (defined below). The resulting number will be referred to as the "Net Settlement Amount."
  - (2) For each Partial Settlement Class Member, the Claims Administrator will

total the amount of tip credit taken by *Defendant* for all hours worked under the "05-Server" job code during the *Class Period* or *FLSA Collective Period*, whichever (a) applies and (b) if both apply, whichever is longer. The *Claims Administrator* will then perform the following calculations:

- (a) add together the total back pay claimed by all individuals in the FLSA Collective during the most recent 3 years and 1 week of the FLSA Collective Period. This amount will be referred to as the "FLSA Summary Judgment Back Pay." A Partial Settlement Class Member who is a member of the FLSA Collective and has a back pay figure above zero that is part of the FLSA Summary Judgment Back Pay shall recover these back pay amounts on a dollar-for-dollar basis (their "Individual FLSA Summary Judgment Back Pay Amount");
- (b) The Claims Administrator will then total back pay for the remainder of the FLSA Collective Period (e.g., back pay claimed from the time period 3 years and 8 days through 4 years and 1 week) and total the back pay claimed by individuals who are members of the ETCN Rule 23 Subclass. That total will then be compared to the Net Settlement Amount to determine the "Fractional Recovery Amount." To expedite these calculations, the Claims Administrator can use its prior calculations performed during this course of litigating this Action. An example of this calculation is as follows:
  - (i) if an individual who was only a member of the FLSA Collective and all hours worked were within the 3 years and 1 week timeframe, and was paid \$2.83 per hour, resulting in Defendant taking a tip credit of \$4.42 per hour, and that employee worked 100 hours during the Class Period under the "05-Server" job code, that individual would be owed \$442.00. Their back pay claim would only be included in the FLSA Summary Judgment Back Pay Amount:
  - if an individual who was a member of the FLSA Collective and worked the same 100 hours during the same time period in the above example and worked an additional 100 hours between 3 years and 8 days and 4 years and 1 week, and was paid \$2.83 per hour, resulting in Defendant taking a tip credit of \$4.42 per hour, that individual would be owed (a) \$442.00 for the first block of time and (b) \$442.00 multiplied by the Fractional Recovery Amount for the second block of time. When the sums of (a) and (b) in this subparagraph are added together, that amount equals that individual's Individual Recovery Amount;

- (iii) if an individual who was a member of only the ETCN Rule 23 Subclass and worked 100 hours during the Class Period, and was paid \$2.83 per hour, resulting in Defendant taking a tip credit of \$4.42 per hour, that individual would be owed \$442.00 multiplied by the Fractional Recovery Amount to determine their "Individual Recovery Amount."
- (3) For purposes of performing the calculations set forth in the Section 5.8(B)(2), if an individual is a member of both the FLSA Collective and the ETCN Rule 23 Subclass, their calculations shall be performed as though they were a member of the ETCN Rule 23 Subclass only.
- (4) The Individual Recovery Amount for all Partial Settlement Class Members will then be added together by the Claims Administrator to determine the "Total Recovery Amount."
- (5) The Claims Administrator will then add each Partial Settlement Class Member's Individual Recovery Amount to their individual portion, if any, of the Individual FLSA Summary Judgment Back Pay Amount determine that individual's Partial Settlement Class Member "Settlement Payment."
- (6) To avoid a windfall to any individual Partial Settlement Class Member, no Partial Settlement Class Member's individual Settlement Payment will be higher than ten times that individual's Estimated Settlement Payment. Should any Partial Settlement Class Member's settlement payment be higher than ten times his or her Estimated Settlement Payment, such amount will be reduced accordingly and with such reduction redistributed to the other Partial Settlement Class Members on a proportionate basis. If all Partial Settlement Class Members are subject to the above cap, then any reduction shall be subject to a Court-approved Cy Pres Distribution.

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DATED:	FOR DEFENDANT Docusigned by:
	By:
	Printed Name:Gail Sharps Myers
	Title: Chief Legal Officer & Sec
	APPROVED AS TO FORM BY DEFENDANT'S COUNSEL:
DATED: July 24, 2024	Darren W. Ford FARUKI PLL
	MORIE
DATED:	Plaintiff Juli Wintjen
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DATED: July 24, 2024	Plaintiff Sarah Gower
	APPROVED AS TO FORM BY PLAINTIFF'S COUNSEL:
DATED: July 24, 2024	Gerald D. Wells, ill Robert Gray
	CONNOLLY WELLS & GRAY LLP

4862-6467-5283.2 7/23/2024

DATED:	FOR DEFENDANT
	By:
	Printed Name:
	Title:
	APPROVED AS TO FORM BY DEFENDANT'S COUNSEL:
DATED:	Darren W. Ford FARUKI PLL
DATED:	Piaintiii Juli Wintjen
DATED:	Plaintiff Sarah Gower
	APPROVED AS TO FORM BY PLAINTIFF'S COUNSEL:
DATED	
DATED:	Gerald D. Wells, III
	Robert Gray CONNOLLY WELLS & GRAY LLP

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